

## **Dr. B.R.Ambedkar College, Betai, Nadia**

### **Best Practice 1**

**1. Title of the Practice** – COVID-19 pandemic awareness programme and other programs via webinar

**2. Objectives of the Practice:** During COVID 19, physical attendance in class was not permitted. With webinars, students can participate in classes regardless of their geographical location. This helps students expand their skills and knowledge of their chosen field.

**3. The Context:** The IQAC, in collaboration with various college departments, organised a number of webinars on various aspects of the COVID-19 pandemic and other topics to raise awareness among students and other stakeholders.

**4. The Practice:** The IQAC, all departmental teachers, teachers from various institutes, and the librarian deliver PowerPoint-based lectures on a variety of topics during webinars.

**5. Problems Encountered and Resources Required:** The COVID-19 pandemic has caused many educational setbacks for students. Students from impoverished families and remote areas of the district who were unable to attend online classes due to a lack of smart phones and poor internet connectivity suffered from significant mental stress and strain.

**6. Evidence of success:** The large number of students participating in webinars and the interaction between teachers and learners are indicators of success.

### **Best Practice 2:**

**1. Title of the Practice:** Social service for the local poor residents.

**2. Objectives of the Practice:** To help the needy during COVID-19 period.

**3. The context:** As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, a large number of people in India become impoverished, and those who are already impoverished will fall further into poverty. Numerous families experience an ongoing, pervasive sense of loss, such as the loss of social networks, employment, and financial security, as well as the potential loss of family members. The Indian economy was severely impacted by unemployment and a sharp drop in growth after a nationwide closure.

**4. The Practice:** The college provided some cooperative and beneficial services to the local community. The personnel and students of the college had contributed nearly fifty thousand rupees to aid the locals. The distribution of emergency food supplies, masks, and hand sanitizers to the local needy. Five lakh rupees were contributed to the state government's relief fund for COVID-19 patients.

**5. Problems Encountered and Resources Required:** Due to the pandemic, very few faculty and staff members were present at the college during the distribution of essential items to the indigent.

**6. Evidence of success:** As a result of organising this essential products distribution ceremony, it has become evident that the local disadvantaged population was ecstatic.